

Rapid Physical Predictions from Convolutional Neural Networks



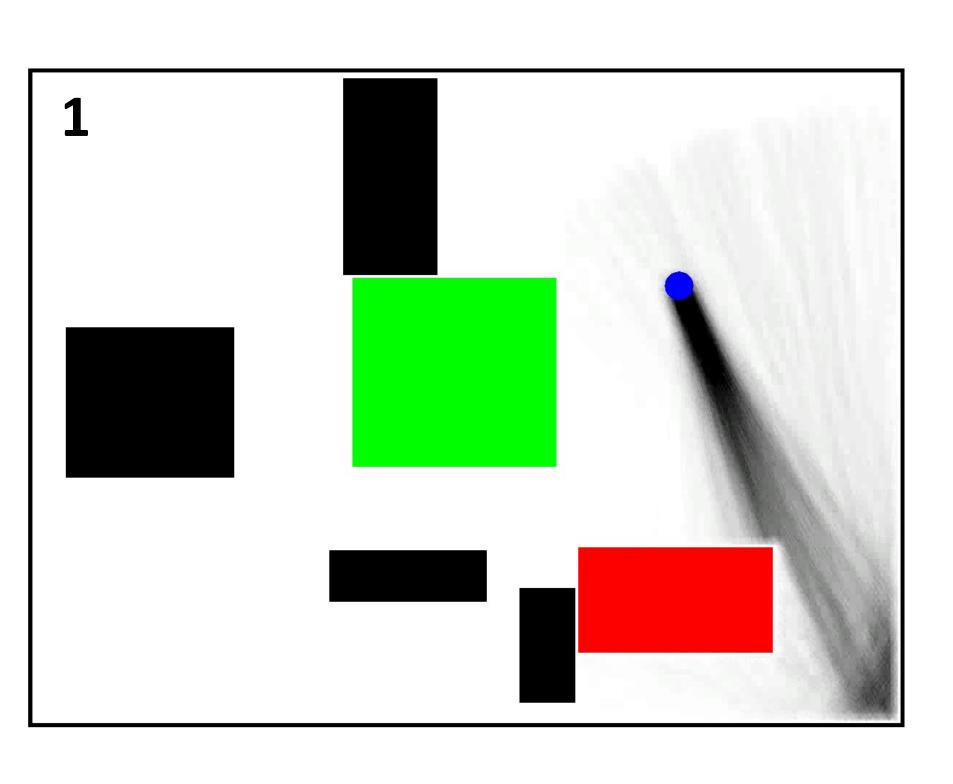
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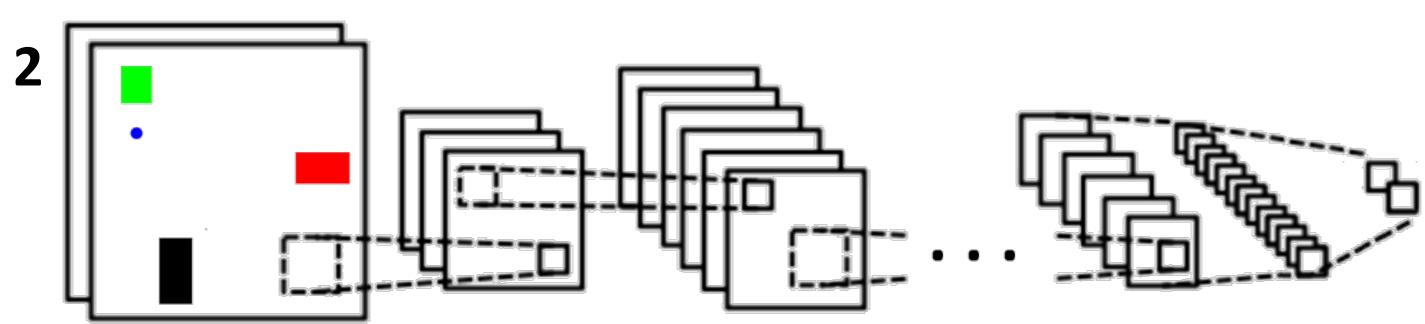
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Introduction

- Physical prediction can be explained by probabilistic simulation using an "intuitive physics engine" [1]
- Simulations are general-purpose yet computationally costly, so quick decisions may be based on heuristics
- Can we capture heuristics for physics prediction with CNNs?
- If so, what heuristics are learned and when do people use them?

Models



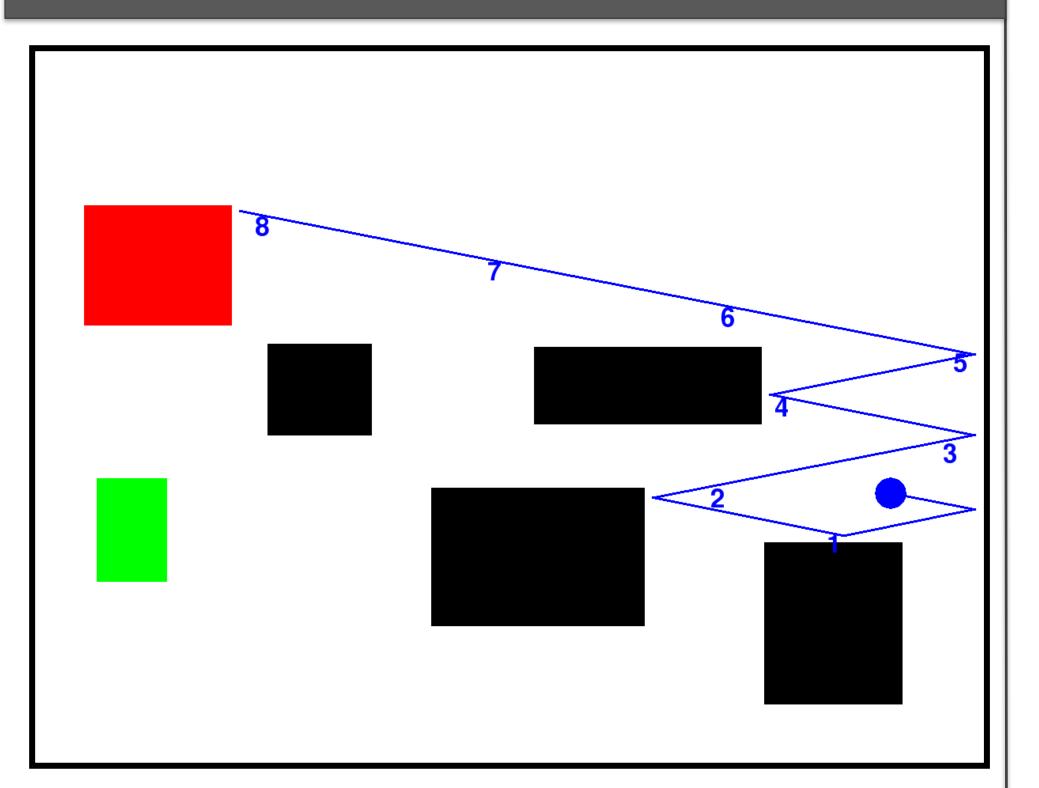


Models to compare

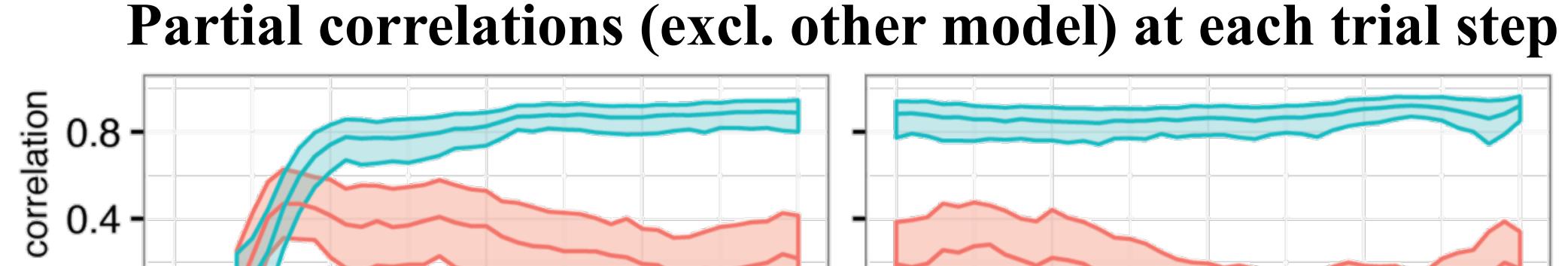
- Simulation-based physics model accumulates evidence from noisy simulation [2]
- Modified GoogLeNet [3] predicts red/green probability from 2 input frames (based on ~1M training examples)

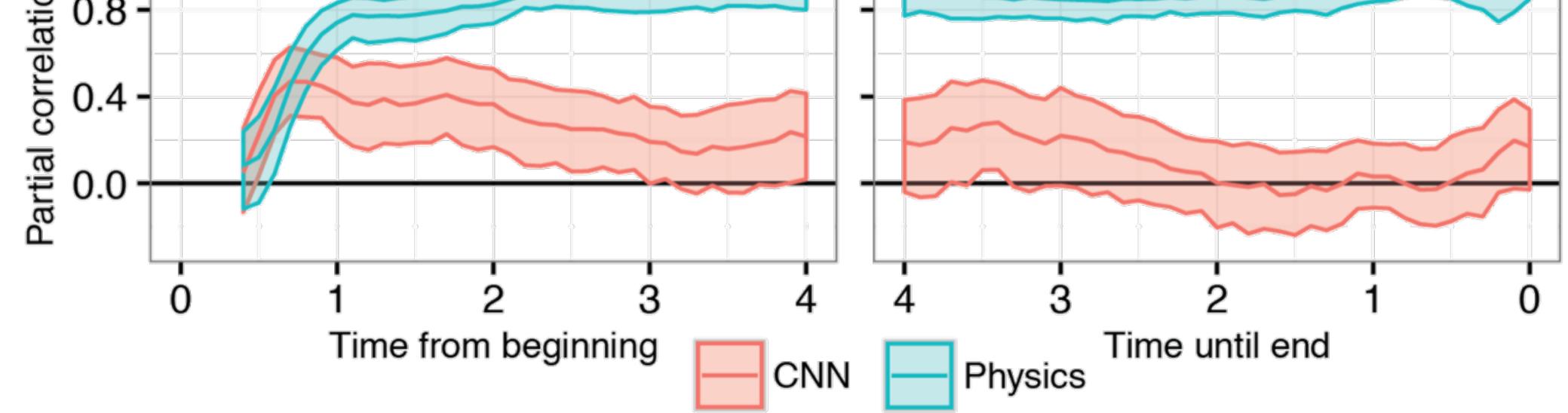
Results

Task



- Continuous prediction of goal the ball will reach first
- Responses aggregated: what proportion of participants predicted red vs. green every 100ms?





Correlation between CNN/Physics and Humans

1.00 0.75 Empirical 05.0 0.25 r = 0.84r = 0.96 $r_{\text{partial}} = 0.19$ $r_{partial} = 0.85$ 0.75 CNN **Physics**

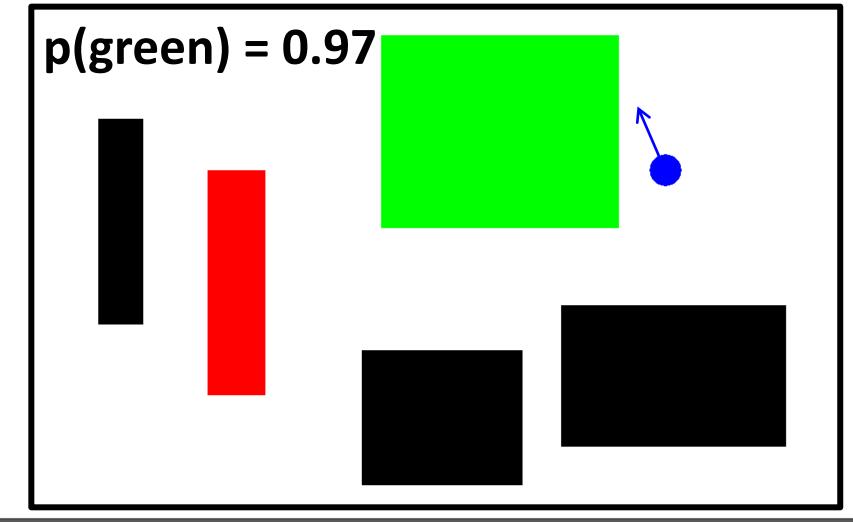
CNN and trial features **Correct Other** Heuristic Goal Goal -0.650 Distance to Goal 0.503 0.110 Wall Between -0.323 Heading Offset 0.001 -0.042Goal Area 0.079 0.109

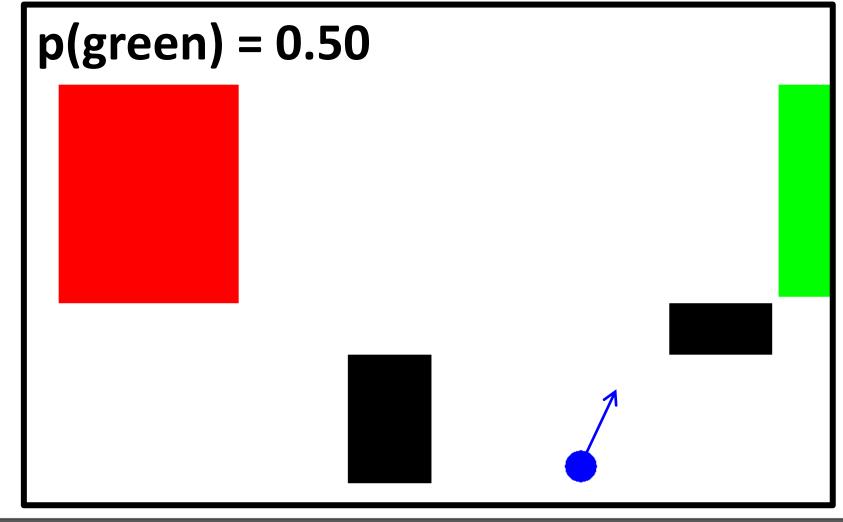
Correlation between

Discussion

- CNN explains human some predictions, but not as well as noisy physical simulation
- Predictive power of CNN is strongest in initial seconds – suggests it may capture quick impressions over simulation
- CNN predictions best described using heuristics and statistical regularities
- Human physical prediction may initially rely on quick heuristics, then later on rich physical simulation

High and low confidence trial samples





References

- [1] Battaglia, P. W., Hamrick, J. B., and Tenenbaum, J. B. Simulation as an engine of physical scene understanding, 2013. [2] Smith, K. A., Dechter, E., Tenenbaum, J. B., and Vul, E. Physical predictions over time, 2013.
- [3] Szegedy, C., Liu, W., Jia, Y., Sermanet, P., Reed, S., Anguelov, D., Erhan, D., Vanhoucke, V., and Rabinovich, A. Going Deeper With Convolutions, 2015.